

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Adeniran H, Adeniyi D, Tawo K. 2020. Microbiological Properties Of Probioticated Kununzaki Drink Enriched With Cocoa Powder. *European Journal Of Agriculture And Food Science*.2(6): 2-9
- Alp, D., & Kuleasan, H. (2020). Determination of competition and adhesion abilities of lactic acid bacteria against gut pathogens in a whole-tissue model. *Bioscience of microbiota, food and health*, 39(4), 250–258.
- Afonso, A. C., Oliveira, D., Saavedra, M. J., Borges, A., & Simoes, M. (2021). Biofilms in Diabetic Foot Ulcers: Impact, Risk Factors and Control Strategies. *International Journal of Molecular Sciences*, 22(15), 1-25.
- Chang, J. H., Shim, Y. Y., Cha, S. K., & Chee, K. M. (2010). Probiotic characteristics of lactic acid bacteria isolated from kimchi. *Journal of Applied Microbiology*, 109(1), 220–230.
- Choo, S. W., Mohammed, W. K., Mutha, N. V. R., Rostami, N., Ahmed, H., Krasnogor, N., Tan, G. Y. A., & Jakubovics, N. S. (2021). Transcriptomic Responses to Coaggregation between *Streptococcus gordonii* and *Streptococcus oralis*. *Applied and environmental microbiology*, 87(22), e0155821. <https://doi.org/10.1128/AEM.01558-21>
- Diggle, S. P., & Whiteley, M. (2020). Microbe Profile: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*: opportunistic pathogen and lab rat. *Microbiology (Reading, England)*, 166(1), 30–33. <https://doi.org/10.1099/mic.0.000860>
- Divyashree, S., Anjali, P.G., Somashekaraiah, R., Sreenivasa M.Y. (2021) Probiotic properties of *Lactobacillus casei*—MYSRD 108 and *Lactobacillus plantarum* MYSRD 71 with potential antimicrobial activity against *Salmonella paratyphi*. *Biotechnol.*, 32, e00672
- Elhalis H, Cox J, Zhao J. (2023). Coffee fermentation: Expedition from traditional to controlled process and perspectives for industrialization. *Appl Food Res* 100253. DOI: 10.1016/j.afres.2022.100253.
- Fachrial, E. (2022). Pengantar teknik laboratorium mikrobiologi dan pengenalan bakteri asam laktat. *Publish Buku UNPRI Press ISBN*, 2(2), 1–78.
- Gao X., Li C., He R., Zhang Y., Wang B., Zhang Z., et al. (2023). Research advances on biogenic amines in traditional fermented foods: emphasis on formation mechanism, detection and control methods. *Food Chem*.405:134911. doi: 10.1016/j.foodchem.2022.134911
- Garcia-Cayuela, T., Korany, A. M., Bustos, I., Gómez de Cadiñanos, L. P., Requena, T., Peláez, C., & Martínez-Cuesta, M. C. (2014). Adhesion abilities of dairy *Lactobacillus plantarum* strains showing an aggregation phenotype. *Food Research International*, 57, 44–50. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodres.2014.01.010>

- Gyamfi Brobbey, G. (2014). Investigation of antimicrobial and probiotic properties of lactic acid bacteria isolated from traditionally fermented Ghanaian foods [Master's thesis, University of Westminster]. WestminsterResearch.
- Hasibuan, R. P. S. (2023). Isolasi dan skrining bakteri asam laktat proteolitik feses luwak pandan (*Paradoxurus hermaphroditus*) Kalimantan Barat. *Buana Sains*, 23(2), 77–84. <https://doi.org/10.33366/bs.v23i2.4156>
- Kanak, E. K., Yilmaz, S. O., Altindis, M., Tanriverdi, E. S., and Otlu, B. (2023). Determination of safety status and probiotic properties of *Enterococcus* strains isolated from traditional cheeses in Turkey. *J. Appl Microbiol.* 134. doi: 10.1093/jambo/lxac005
- Katharios-Lanwermeyer, S., Xi, C., Jakubovics, N. S., & Rickard, A. H. (2014). Mini-review: Microbial coaggregation: ubiquity and implications for biofilm development. *Biofouling*, 30(10), 1235–1251 <https://doi.org/10.1080/08927014.2014.976206>
- Kumari, M., Patel, H. K., Kokkiligadda, A., Bhushan, B., & Tomar, S. (2022). Characterization of probiotic lactobacilli and development of fermented soymilk with improved technological properties. *LWT*, 154, 112827. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lwt.2021.112827>
- Lee, S. Y., & Yoon, H. Y. (2024). Bacterial coaggregation in bacteria isolated from dental unit waterlines. *Journal of Dental Hygiene Science*, 24(4), 316–326. <https://doi.org/10.17135/jdhs.2024.24.4.316>
- Li, M.; Wang, Y.; Cui, H.; Li, Y.; Sun, Y.; Qiu, H.J. (2020). Characterization of lactic acid bacteria isolated from the gastrointestinal tract of a wild boar as potential probiotics. *Front. Vet. Sci.*, 7, 49.
- Li, J., Chen, X., Xie, Z., Liang, L., Li, A., Zhao, C., Wen, Y., & Lou, Z. (2023). Screening and metabolomic analysis of lactic acid bacteria-antagonizing *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. *Foods*, 12(14), 2799. <https://doi.org/10.3390/foods12142799>
- Lin, Y. T., Hung, Y. C., Chen, L. H., Lee, K. T., & Han, Y. S. (2024). Effects of adding *Bacillus subtilis* natto NTU-18 in paste feed on growth, intestinal morphology, gastrointestinal microbiota diversity, immunity, and disease resistance of *Anguilla japonica* glass eels. *Fish and Shellfish Immunology*, 149. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fsi.2024.109556>
- Mansur, D. S., & Hidayat, M. N. (2019). Ketahanan Bakteri Asam Laktat Asal Saluran Pencernaan Broiler Terhadap pH dan Garam Empedu. *Jurnal Ilmu Dan Industri Peternakan*, 5(1), 27–37. <https://doi.org/10.24252/jiip.v5i1.11101>
- Manzanares, W., Lemieux, M., Langlois, P. L., & Wischmeyer, P. E. (2016). Probiotic and synbiotic therapy in critical illness: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Critical care* (London, England), 19, 262. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13054-016-1434-y>,

- Monteagudo-Mera, A., Rastall, R. A., Gibson, G. R., Charalampopoulos, D., & Chatzifragkou, A. (2019). Adhesion mechanisms mediated by probiotics and prebiotics and their potential impact on human health. *Applied microbiology and biotechnology*, 103(16), 6463–6472. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00253-019-09978-7>
- Muzaifa, M., Abubakar, Y., Febriani, F., Abubakar, A., & Hasni, D. (2021). Mutu sensori kopi luwak asal dataran tinggi Gayo. Agrointek: Jurnal Teknologi Industri Pertanian, 15(3), 808–815. <https://doi.org/10.21107/agrointek.v15i3.9604>
- Sari, A., Anindita, R. (2024) Potensi Minuman Probiotik Berbasis Campuran Buah- buahan (Jambu Biji, Lemon, Melon, Bit) Sebagai Minuman Kesehatan. *Jurnal Nutrisi*. 13 (1): 1-7.
- Solieri, L., Bianchi, A., Mottolese, G., Lemmetti, F., & Giudici, P. (2014). Tailoring the probiotic potential of non-starter Lactobacillus strains from ripened Parmigiano Reggiano cheese by in vitro screening and principal component analysis. *Food Microbiology*, 38, 240–249. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fm.2013.10.003>
- Sudin, Rieny, S., Rita, M.H. (2020). Penapisan dan Pola Pertumbuhan Bakteri Kitinolitik dari Cangkang Rajungan (Portunus pelagicus). *Jurnal Jambura Fish Processing*, 2(1), 36-45.
- Tome, A.R., Carvalho, F.M., Teixeira-Santos, R., Burmolle, M., Mergulhao, F.J.M.,Gomes, L.C. (2023). Use of Probiotics to Control Biofilm Formation in Food Industries. *Antibiotics*, 12, 754. <https://doi.org/10.3390/antibiotics12040754>
- Yuni N, Hidayah N, Pratiwi V. (2020). Analisis Perbedaan Waktu Fermentasi Terhadap Kadar Probiotik dan Aktivitas Antioksidan Pada Minuman Probiotik Sari Buah Stroberi (*Fragaria Anannassa*). *Sport And Nutrition Journal*.2(2):49-55.
- Vinayamohan, P., Joseph, D., Viju, L. S., Baskaran, S. A., & Venkitanarayanan, K.(2024). Efficacy of Probiotics in Reducing Pathogenic Potential of Infectious Agents. *Fermentation*, 10(12), 599. <https://doi.org/10.3390/fermentation10120599>

Lampiran 1. Ethical Clearance



Kementerian Kesehatan
Poltekkes Medan
Komisi Etik Penelitian Kesehatan
Jalan Jamin Ginting KM. 13,5
Medan, Sumatera Utara 20137
(061) 8368633
<https://poltekkes-medan.ac.id>

KETERANGAN LAYAK ETIK DESCRIPTION OF ETHICAL EXEMPTION "ETHICAL EXEMPTION"

No.01.26.1700/KEPK/POLTEKKES KEMENKES MEDAN 2025

Protokol penelitian versi 1 yang diusulkan oleh :
The research protocol proposed by

Peneliti utama : Merdu Fhebe Diparade Simanjuntak
Principal Investigator

Nama Institusi : Poltekkes Kemenkes Medan
Name of the Institution

Dengan judul:
Title
"Evaluasi Daya Koagregasi Bakteri Asam Laktat Terhadap Pseudomonas aeruginosa Sebagai Kandidat Probiotik"

"Evaluation of the Coaggregation Ability of Lactic Acid Bacteria Against Pseudomonas aeruginosa as a Probiotic Candidate"

Dinyatakan layak etik sesuai 7 (tujuh) Standar WHO 2011, yaitu 1) Nilai Sosial, 2) Nilai Ilmiah, 3) Pemerataan Beban dan Manfaat, 4) Risiko, 5) Bujukan/Eksplorasi, 6) Kerahasiaan dan Privacy, dan 7) Persetujuan Setelah Penjelasan, yang menunjuk pada Pedoman CIOMS 2016. Hal ini seperti yang ditunjukkan oleh terpenuhinya indikator setiap standar.

Declared to be ethically appropriate in accordance to 7 (seven) WHO 2011 Standards, 1) Social Values, 2) Scientific Values, 3) Equitable Assessment and Benefits, 4) Risks, 5) Persuasion/Exploitation, 6) Confidentiality and Privacy, and 7) Informed Consent, referring to the 2016 CIOMS Guidelines. This is indicated by the fulfillment of the indicators of each standard.

Pernyataan Laik Etik ini berlaku selama kurun waktu tanggal 31 Juli 2025 sampai dengan tanggal 31 Juli 2026.

This declaration of ethics applies during the period July 31, 2025 until July 31, 2026.

July 31, 2025
Chairperson,



Dr. Lestari Rahmah, MKT

Lampiran 2. Surat Bebas Laboratorium

Lampiran 3. Surat Izin Penelitian

Surat Permohonan Penelitian	
Kepada : Yth. Direktur Poltekkes Kemenkes Medan Di tempat Dengan Hormat,	
Saya yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini :	
Nama	Merdu Fhebe Diparade Simanjuntak
Institusi	Poltekkes Kemenkes Medan
NIM/NIP/NIDN	P07534022123
Jurusan	Teknologi Laboratorium Medis
Judul Penelitian	Evaluasi Daya Koagregasi Bakteri Asam Laktat Terhadap Pseudomonas aeruginosa Sebagai Kandidat Probiotik
Dengan ini saya memohon izin kepada Direktur Poltekkes Kemenkes Medan untuk difasilitasi penelitian di Laboratorium Terpadu Poltekkes Kemenkes Medan dalam menyelesaikan penelitian.	
Demikianlah surat Permohonan saya sampaikan, atas perhatiannya saya ucapkan terimakasih.	
Mengetahui Dosen Pembimbing  (Febri Sembiring, S.Si, M.Si) NIP 199202102022031002	Medan, 26 Mei 2025 Mahasiswa  (Merdu Fhebe Diparade Simanjuntak) P07534022123

Lampiran 4. Hasil Uji SPSS

Output Data Persentase Koagregasi 3 Jam

Descriptives

Persentase_koagregasi

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
L1P2F301	3	19.0167	3.66757	2.11747	9.9059	28.1274	15.07	22.32
L1P2F302	3	14.3967	6.97302	4.02588	-2.9253	31.7186	6.37	18.96
L1P2F305	3	34.1667	6.18725	3.57221	18.7967	49.5366	27.12	38.71
L1P2F306	3	18.9533	2.77015	1.59935	12.0719	25.8348	16.20	21.74
L1P2F308	3	21.6133	2.14262	1.23704	16.2908	26.9359	19.33	23.58
Total	15	21.6293	7.99862	2.06524	17.1998	26.0588	6.37	38.71

Tests of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
Persentase_koagregasi	Based on Mean	2.527	4	10	.107
	Based on Median	.301	4	10	.870
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.301	4	4.918	.866
	Based on trimmed mean	2.209	4	10	.141

Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: Persentase_koagregasi

	(I) Isolat BAL	(J) Isolat BAL	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
						Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Tukey HSD	L1P2F301	L1P2F302	4.62000	3.87506	.756	-8.1331	17.3731
		L1P2F305	-15.15000*	3.87506	.019	-27.9031	-2.3969
		L1P2F306	.06333	3.87506	1.000	-12.6898	12.8165
		L1P2F308	-2.59667	3.87506	.959	-15.3498	10.1565
	L1P2F302	L1P2F301	-4.62000	3.87506	.756	-17.3731	8.1331
		L1P2F305	-19.77000*	3.87506	.003	-32.5231	-7.0169
		L1P2F306	-4.55667	3.87506	.764	-17.3098	8.1965
		L1P2F308	-7.21667	3.87506	.394	-19.9698	5.5365
	L1P2F305	L1P2F301	15.15000*	3.87506	.019	2.3969	27.9031
		L1P2F302	19.77000*	3.87506	.003	7.0169	32.5231
		L1P2F306	15.21333*	3.87506	.019	2.4602	27.9665
		L1P2F308	12.55333	3.87506	.054	-.1998	25.3065
	L1P2F306	L1P2F301	-.06333	3.87506	1.000	-12.8165	12.6898
		L1P2F302	4.55667	3.87506	.764	-8.1965	17.3098
		L1P2F305	-15.21333*	3.87506	.019	-27.9665	-2.4602
		L1P2F308	-2.66000	3.87506	.955	-15.4131	10.0931
	L1P2F308	L1P2F301	2.59667	3.87506	.959	-10.1565	15.3498
		L1P2F302	7.21667	3.87506	.394	-5.5365	19.9698
		L1P2F305	-12.55333	3.87506	.054	-25.3065	.1998
		L1P2F306	2.66000	3.87506	.955	-10.0931	15.4131

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

1. Output Data Persentase Koagregasi 4 Jam

Descriptives

Persentase_Koagregasi

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
L1P2F301	3	23.5633	1.85001	1.06810	18.9677	28.1590	22.01	25.61
L1P2F302	3	21.6333	1.74024	1.00473	17.3103	25.9563	19.64	22.85
L1P2F305	3	37.9333	8.13738	4.69812	17.7190	58.1477	28.60	43.54
L1P2F306	3	20.8133	2.61125	1.50761	14.3266	27.3000	18.25	23.47
L1P2F308	3	26.8200	5.70380	3.29309	12.6510	40.9890	22.70	33.33
Total	15	26.1527	7.60000	1.96231	21.9439	30.3614	18.25	43.54

Tests of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
Persentase_Koagregasi	Based on Mean	4.621	4	10	.023
	Based on Median	.554	4	10	.701
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.554	4	4.091	.709
	Based on trimmed mean	3.980	4	10	.035

Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: Persentase_Koagregasi

Tukey HSD

(I) Isolat BAL	(J) Isolat BAL	Mean Difference (I-J)	95% Confidence Interval			
			Std. Error	Sig.	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
L1P2F301	L1P2F302	1.93000	3.86471	.986	-10.7891	14.6491
	L1P2F305	-14.37000*	3.86471	.026	-27.0891	-1.6509
	L1P2F306	2.75000	3.86471	.949	-9.9691	15.4691
	L1P2F308	-3.25667	3.86471	.911	-15.9757	9.4624
L1P2F302	L1P2F301	-1.93000	3.86471	.986	-14.6491	10.7891
	L1P2F305	-16.30000*	3.86471	.012	-29.0191	-3.5809
	L1P2F306	.82000	3.86471	.999	-11.8991	13.5391
	L1P2F308	-5.18667	3.86471	.674	-17.9057	7.5324
L1P2F305	L1P2F301	14.37000*	3.86471	.026	1.6509	27.0891
	L1P2F302	16.30000*	3.86471	.012	3.5809	29.0191
	L1P2F306	17.12000*	3.86471	.009	4.4009	29.8391
	L1P2F308	11.11333	3.86471	.095	-1.6057	23.8324
L1P2F306	L1P2F301	-2.75000	3.86471	.949	-15.4691	9.9691
	L1P2F302	-.82000	3.86471	.999	-13.5391	11.8991
	L1P2F305	-17.12000*	3.86471	.009	-29.8391	-4.4009
	L1P2F308	-6.00667	3.86471	.554	-18.7257	6.7124
L1P2F308	L1P2F301	3.25667	3.86471	.911	-9.4624	15.9757
	L1P2F302	5.18667	3.86471	.674	-7.5324	17.9057
	L1P2F305	-11.11333	3.86471	.095	-23.8324	1.6057
	L1P2F306	6.00667	3.86471	.554	-6.7124	18.7257

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2. Output Data Perbandingan OD 0,3 dan 4 Jam

Descriptives

nilai_OD

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 jam	15	.5780	.05583	.01442	.5471	.6089	.45	.66
3 jam	15	.4507	.03788	.00978	.4297	.4716	.38	.50
4 jam	15	.4240	.03582	.00925	.4042	.4438	.35	.46
Total	45	.4842	.08047	.01200	.4600	.5084	.35	.66

Tests of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene Statistic			Sig.
			df1	df2	
nilai_OD	Based on Mean	1.554	2	42	.223
	Based on Median	.451	2	42	.640
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.451	2	33.347	.641
	Based on trimmed mean	1.291	2	42	.286

Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: nilai_OD

Tukey HSD

(I) waktu_inkubasi	(J) waktu_inkubasi	Mean Difference (I-J)	95% Confidence Interval			
			Std. Error	Sig.	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
0 jam	3 jam	.12733*	.01610	<.001	.0882	.1665
	4 jam	.15400*	.01610	<.001	.1149	.1931
3 jam	0 jam	-.12733*	.01610	<.001	-.1665	-.0882
	4 jam	.02667	.01610	.234	-.0125	.0658
4 jam	0 jam	-.15400*	.01610	<.001	-.1931	-.1149
	3 jam	-.02667	.01610	.234	-.0658	.0125

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Lampiran 5. Perhitungan Persentase Koagregasi

a. Persentase Koagregasi 3 Jam

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F301} + P. aeruginosa \\ & \frac{(0,58+0,57)-2 \times 0,49}{(0,58+0,57)} \times 100 \\ & = \frac{1,15-0,98}{1,15} \times 100 \\ & = 0,1478 \times 100 \\ & = 14,78 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F301} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,55+0,66)-2 \times 0,47}{(0,55+0,66)} \times 100 \\ & = \frac{1,21-0,94}{1,21} \times 100 \\ & = 0,2231 \times 100 \\ & = 22,31 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F301} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,55+0,62)-2 \times 0,47}{(0,55+0,62)} \times 100 \\ & = \frac{1,17-0,94}{1,17} \times 100 \\ & = 0,1965 \times 100 \\ & = 19,65 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F302} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,49+0,57)-2 \times 0,50}{(0,49+0,57)} \times 100 \\ & = \frac{1,06-1}{1,06} \times 100 \\ & = 0,0566 \times 100 \\ & = 5,66 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F302} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,50+0,66)-2 \times 0,47}{(0,50+0,66)} \times 100 \\ & = \frac{1,16-0,94}{1,16} \times 100 \\ & = 0,1896 \times 100 \\ & = 18,96 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F302} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,50+0,62)-2 \times 0,46}{(0,50+0,62)} \times 100 \\ & = \frac{1,12-0,92}{1,12} \times 100 \\ & = 0,1785 \times 100 \\ & = 17,85 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F305} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,51+0,57)-2 \times 0,39}{(0,51+0,57)} \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{L1P2F305} + P. aeruginosa = \\ & \frac{(0,58+0,66)-2 \times 0,38}{(0,50+0,66)} \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1,08-0,78}{1,08} \times 100 \\ = 0,2777 \times 100 \\ = 27,77$$

$$= \frac{1,24-0,76}{1,24} \times 100 \\ = 0,3870 \times 100 \\ = 38,70$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\text{L1P2F305} + P. aeruginosa = \\ \frac{(0,58+0,62)-2\times0,38}{(0,58+0,62)} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1,2-0,76}{1,2} \times 100 \\ = 0,2166 \times 100 \\ = 21,66$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\text{L1P2F306} + P. aeruginosa = \\ \frac{(0,50+0,57)-2\times0,45}{(0,50+0,57)} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1,07-0,9}{1,07} \times 100 \\ = 0,1588 \times 100 \\ = 15,88$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\text{L1P2F306} + P. aeruginosa = \\ \frac{(0,49+0,66)-2\times0,45}{(0,49+0,66)} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1,15-0,9}{1,15} \times 100 \\ = 0,2173 \times 100 \\ = 21,73$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\text{L1P2F306} + P. aeruginosa = \\ \frac{(0,49+0,62)-2\times0,45}{(0,49+0,62)} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1,11-0,9}{1,11} \times 100 \\ = 0,1891 \times 100 \\ = 18,91$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\text{L1P2F308} + P. aeruginosa = \\ \frac{(0,49+0,66)-2\times0,45}{(0,49+0,66)} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1,15-0,9}{1,15} \times 100 \\ = 0,2173 \times 100 \\ = 21,73$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\text{L1P2F308} + P. aeruginosa = \\ \frac{(0,57+0,66)-2\times0,47}{(0,57+0,66)} \times 100 \\ = \frac{1,23-0,94}{1,23} \times 100 \\ = 0,2357 \times 100 \\ = 23,57$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\text{L1P2F308} + P. aeruginosa =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(0,57+0,62)-2 \times 0,48}{(0,57+0,62)} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,19-0,96}{1,19} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,1932 \times 100 \\
 &= 19,32
 \end{aligned}$$

b. Persentase Koagregasi 4 Jam

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L1P2F301 + P. aeruginosa = \\
 & \frac{(0,58+0,57)-2 \times 0,45}{(0,58+0,57)} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,15-0,90}{1,15} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,2173 \times 100 \\
 &= 21,73
 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L1P2F301 + P. aeruginosa = \\
 & \frac{(0,55+0,66)-2 \times 0,45}{(0,55+0,66)} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,21-0,90}{1,21} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,2561 \times 100 \\
 &= 25,61
 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L1P2F301 + P. aeruginosa = \\
 & \frac{(0,55+0,62)-2 \times 0,45}{(0,55+0,62)} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,17-0,90}{1,17} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,2307 \times 100 \\
 &= 23,07
 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L1P2F302 + P. aeruginosa = 41 \times \\
 & 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,06-0,82}{1,06} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,2264 \times 100 \\
 &= 22,64
 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L1P2F302 + P. aeruginosa = \\
 & \frac{(0,50+0,66)-2 \times 0,45}{(0,50+0,66)} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,16-0,90}{1,16} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,2241 \times 100
 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L1P2F302 + P. aeruginosa = \\
 & \frac{(0,50+0,62)-2 \times 0,45}{(0,50+0,62)} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,12-0,90}{1,12} \times 100 \\
 &= 0,1964 \times 100
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 22,41$$

$$= 19,64$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F305} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,51+0,57)-2 \times 0,39}{(0,51+0,57)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,08-0,78}{1,08} \times 100 & \\ = 0,2777 \times 100 & \\ = 27,77 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F305} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,58+0,62)-2 \times 0,35}{(0,58+0,62)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,2-0,70}{1,2} \times 100 & \\ = 0,4166 \times 100 & \\ = 41,66 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F306} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,49+0,66)-2 \times 0,44}{(0,49+0,66)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,15-0,88}{1,15} \times 100 & \\ = 0,2347 \times 100 & \\ = 23,47 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F308} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,49+0,66)-2 \times 0,42}{(0,49+0,66)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,15-0,84}{1,15} \times 100 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F305} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,58+0,66)-2 \times 0,35}{(0,50+0,66)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,24-0,70}{1,24} \times 100 & \\ = 0,4354 \times 100 & \\ = 43,54 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 1)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F306} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,50+0,57)-2 \times 0,44}{(0,50+0,57)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,07-0,88}{1,07} \times 100 & \\ = 0,1775 \times 100 & \\ = 17,75 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F306} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,49+0,62)-2 \times 0,44}{(0,49+0,62)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,11-0,88}{1,11} \times 100 & \\ = 0,2072 \times 100 & \\ = 20,72 & \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 2)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F308} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,57+0,66)-2 \times 0,41}{(0,57+0,66)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,23-0,82}{1,23} \times 100 & \end{aligned}$$

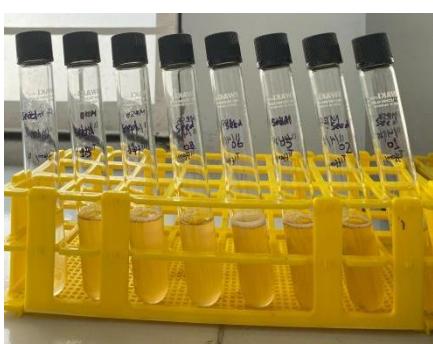
$$\begin{aligned} &= 0,2695 \times 100 \\ &= 26,95 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} &= 0,3333 \times 100 \\ &= 33,33 \end{aligned}$$

(Ulangan 3)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{L1P2F308} + P. aeruginosa &= \\ \frac{(0,57+0,62)-2\times0,46}{(0,57+0,62)} \times 100 & \\ = \frac{1,19-0,92}{1,19} \times 100 & \\ = 0,2268 \times 100 & \\ = 22,68 & \end{aligned}$$

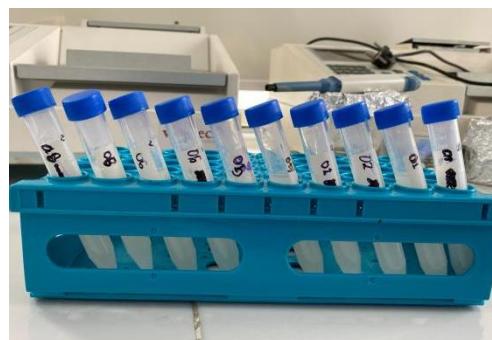
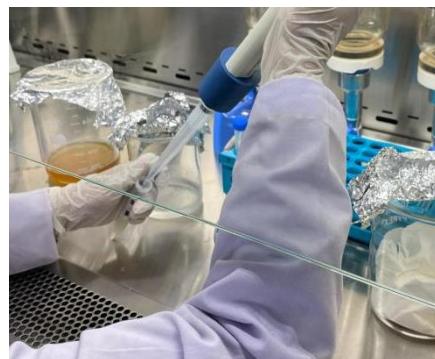
Lampiran 6. Dokumentasi Penelitian

Dokumentasi Kegiatan	Keterangan
	Peremajaan bakteri uji (isolat BAL dan <i>P. aeruginosa</i>) ke medium padat
	Peremajaan bakteri uji (isolat BAL dan <i>P. aeruginosa</i>) ke medium cair
	Isolat BAL di media

	<p>MRSA setelah inkubasi 48 jam pada suhu 30°C dalam kondisi anaerob</p>
	<p>Isolat BAL di media MRSB setelah inkubasi 24 jam pada suhu 30°C dalam kondisi anaerob</p>



Pemisahan endapan sel bakteri dari supernatan hasil sentrifugasi dan pencucian dengan larutan PBS



Suspensi bakteri yang telah dicuci dengan larutan PBS steril



Pengukuran suspensi bakteri dengan spektrofotometer UV-Vis

Lampiran 7. Kartu Bimbingan KTI



Kementerian Kesehatan

Direktorat Jenderal
Sumber Daya Kesehatan Manusia
Poltekkes Medan

8 Jalan Jamin Ginting KM. 13,5
Medan, Sumatera Utara 20137
☎ (061) 8368633
🌐 <https://poltekkes-medan.ac.id>

PRODI D-III JURUSAN TEKNOLOGI LABORATORIUM MEDIS POLTEKKES KEMENKES MEDAN

KARTU BIMBINGAN KARYA TULIS ILMIAH T.A. 2024/2025

NAMA : Merdu Fhebe Diparade Simanjuntak
NIM : P07534022123
NAMA DOSEN PEMBIMBING : Febri Sembiring S,Si, M.Si
JUDUL KTI : Evaluasi Daya Koagregasi Bakteri Asam Laktat Terhadap *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Sebagai Kandidat Probiotik

No	Hari/Tanggal Bimbingan	Materi Bimbingan	Paraf Dosen Pembimbing
1.	Rabu, 08 Januari 2025	Konsultasi Judul	
2.	Kamis, 16 Januari 2025	Pengajuan Judul	
3.	Kamis, 30 Januari 2025	ACC Judul	
4.	Jum'at, 07 Februari 2025	Bimbingan Bab I	
5.	Kamis, 13 Februari 2025	Revisi Bab I-III	
6.	Jum'at, 14 Februari 2025	Revisi Bab I-III	
7.	Senin, 17 Februari 2025	Revisi Bab I-III	
8.	Selasa, 18 Februari 2025	ACC Proposal	
9.	Jum'at, 25 April 2025	Diskusi Hasil Penelitian	
10.	Senin, 05 Mei 2025	Bimbingan Bab IV	
11.	Kamis, 15 Mei 2025	Revisi Bab IV-V	
12.	Senin, 02 Juni 2025	ACC KTI	

Medan, 03 Juni 2025
Dosen Pembimbing

Febri Sembiring S,Si, M.Si
NIP.199202102022031002

Lampiran 8. Riwayat Hidup Penulis

Merdu Fhebe Diparade Simanjuntak



Penulis dilahirkan di Bekasi pada tanggal 2 Juli 2004, merupakan anak pertama dari Bapak Jojor Simanjuntak dan Ibu Risma Purba. Penulis memiliki seorang saudari perempuan bernama Nada Stephanie Simanjuntak serta dua orang saudara laki-laki bernama Alm. Laguna Baensangap Simanjuntak serta Morado Christiano Simanjuntak. Penulis memulai pendidikan di SDN 101880 Buntu Bedimbar dari tahun 2010-2016, lalu melanjutkan pendidikan di SMPN 4 Tanjung Morawa dari tahun 2016-2019 dan kemudian melanjutkan pendidikan menengah atas di SMAN 1 Tanjung Morawa dari tahun 2019-2022. Penulis kemudian melanjutkan pendidikan ke Perguruan Tinggi di Poltekkes Kemenkes Medan pada Jurusan Teknologi Laboratorium Medis dengan masa pendidikan tiga tahun terhitung sejak tahun 2022.

Lampiran 9. Persentase Turnitin

